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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/759,218	01/20/2004	Durward I. Faries JR.	1322.0057CNT	6438	
27896 7	7590 10/30/2006		EXAMINER		
	EDELL, SHAPIRO & FINNAN, LLC			JAGAN, MIRELLYS	
1901 RESEAR SUITE 400	1901 RESEARCH BOULEVARD			PAPER NUMBER	
ROCKVILLE,	MD 20850		2859		
			DATE MAIL ED. 10/20/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/759,218	FARIES ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Mirellys Jagan	2859			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timusely unit apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 At</u> 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This 3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>47-72</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>50,51,53,56,57,62,63,65 and 68</u> is/are 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>50,51,53,56,57,62,63,65 and 68</u> is/are 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration. e rejected. e objected to.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplished any accomplished any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the option of the specific part of the	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

DETAILED ACTION

1. In view of the appeal brief filed on 8/3/06, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED.

A new rejection of claims 47-49, 52, 54, 55, 58-61, 64, 66, 67, 69, and 70 over U.S. Patent

4,336,435 to Kashyap et al in view of Jordan is set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
- (2) initiate a new appeal by filing a notice of appeal under 37 CFR 41.31 followed by an appeal brief under 37 CFR 41.37. The previously paid notice of appeal fee and appeal brief fee can be applied to the new appeal. If, however, the appeal fees set forth in 37 CFR 41.20 have been increased since they were previously paid, then appellant must pay the difference between the increased fees and the amount previously paid.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

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3. Claims 71 and 72 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent 5,875,282 to Jordan et al [hereinafter Jordan].

Jordan discloses a medical device (10) for a medical item (16), the device comprising:

a base (housing 10) and at least first (88) and second (90) panels attached to the base;

a receptacle (12) defined between the panels for receiving the medical item (16), wherein
the medical item has a particular temperature range for utilization; and

a temperature sensor assembly (80, 82, 84, 86) to directly measure the temperature of the medical item (16) and provide a visual indication of the measured item temperature;

wherein the temperature sensor assembly is affixed to the first panel (88) (see figures 1, 3, and 4; column 6, lines 21-36 and 56-60; column 7, lines 15-17, 31-40, and 52-55; and column 8, lines 51-61).

Furthermore, the method steps of claim 72 will naturally be followed during the operation of the device disclosed above by Jordan.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 47-49, 52, 54, 55, 58-61, 64, 66, 67, 69, and 70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 4,336,435 to Kashyap et al [hereinafter Kashyap] in view of Jordan.

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Kashyap discloses a medical device (8) having a medical item (1) placed therein, the device comprising:

a base (23) and at least first (22) and second (24) panels attached to the base;

a receptacle defined between the panels for the medical item therein, wherein the item has a particular temperature range for utilization; and

a temperature sensor assembly (30) to directly measure the temperature of the item; wherein the device is configured such that any thermal treatment of the medical item received within the receptacle occurs only via heat transfer between the item and an external environment (5) surrounding the medical device (8); the temperature sensor assembly includes a temperature sensor (31) disposed within the first panel (22) to directly measure the temperature of the item; the receptacle is configured to enable the medical item to be in thermal relation with the sensor; the device (8) is attached to a support structure/thermal treatment system (4); the temperature sensor may be an IR temperature sensor; and the temperature sensor assembly (30) is affixed to the first panel (22) (see figures 2, 4, and 6; column 3, lines 10-16 and 39-48; and column 4, lines 10-36).

Kashyap does not disclose the assembly comprising a display for visually indicating the measured temperature of the medical item.

Jordan discloses a medical device (10) for a medical item, the device comprising a housing defining a receptacle for receiving the medical item; and a temperature sensor assembly for directly measuring the temperature of the medical item, the assembly having a display for visually indicating the measured temperature of the medical item by using a temperature sensing strip (80) that provides a digital temperature measurement indicated by a digital temperature

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display. Jordan teaches that it is useful to provide the user with a visual indication of the actual medical item temperature as it is heated (see figures 1, 3, and 4; column 6, lines 21-36 and 56-60; column 7, lines 15-17, 31-40, and 52-55; and column 8, lines 51-61).

Referring to claims 47 and 59, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the assembly of Kashyap by providing a display on the support structure/thermal treatment system for visually indicating the measured temperature of the medical item, as taught by Jordan, in order for the user to determine the actual temperature of the contents in the medical item before using the contents on a patient, and since Jordan teaches that it is useful to provide the user with a visual indication of the actual medical item temperature.

Furthermore, the method steps of claims 59-61, 64, 66, 67, and 70 will naturally be followed during the normal operation of the device disclosed above by Kashyap and Jordan.

6. Claims 71 and 72 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 5,989,238 to Ginsburg in view of Jordan.

Ginsburg discloses a medical device (10) for a medical item (30), the device comprising: a base and at least first and second panels attached to the base;

a receptacle (28) defined between the panels for receiving the medical item (30), wherein the medical item has a particular temperature range for utilization;

a temperature sensor assembly (including a temperature sensor 34) to directly measure the temperature of the medical item; and

visual means (24) for displaying a set point temperature for the medical device;

wherein the temperature sensor assembly is affixed to one of the first panel, second panel, and base (e.g., the bottom panel of the housing 12) (see figures 1 and 2; column 2, lines 25-35 and 45-53; column 3, lines 2-7, 18-22, and 26-31; and column 4, line 48-column 5, line 17).

Ginsburg does not disclose the assembly comprising means for visually indicating the measured temperature of the medical item.

Jordan discloses a medical device (10) for a medical item, the device comprising a housing defining a receptacle for receiving the medical item; and a temperature sensor assembly for directly measuring the temperature of the medical item, the assembly having means for visually indicating the measured temperature of the medical item by using a temperature sensing strip (80) that provides a digital temperature measurement indicated by a digital temperature display. Jordan teaches that it is useful to provide the user with a visual indication of the actual medical item temperature (see figures 1, 3, and 4; column 6, lines 21-36 and 56-60; column 7, lines 15-17, 31-40, and 52-55; and column 8, lines 51-61).

Referring to claims 71 and 72, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Ginsburg by providing the temperature sensor assembly with means for visually indicating the measured temperature of the medical item, as taught by Jordan, in order for the user to determine the actual temperature of the contents in the medical item before using the contents on a patient, and since Jordan teaches that it is useful to provide the user with a visual indication of the actual medical item temperature.

Furthermore, the method steps of claim 72 will naturally be followed during the normal operation of the device disclosed above by Ginsburg and Jordan.

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Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 50, 51, 53, 56, 57, 62, 63, 65, and 68 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

8. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The prior art of record does not disclose or suggest the following in combination with the remaining limitations of the claims:

A medical device for visually indicating a temperature of a medical item placed therein, the medical device comprising:

a temperature sensor assembly that includes a plurality of temperature sensitive substances each associated with a corresponding temperature range (see claim 50);

a temperature sensor assembly that includes a temperature sensing strip providing a digital indication of said medical item temperature (see claim 51);

wherein said first panel includes a handle to facilitate transport and handling of said medical device (see claim 53);

wherein said display includes a liquid crystal display (see claim 56); or wherein said temperature sensor assembly includes a voice synthesizer to provide an audio indication of said medical item temperature (see claim 57).

A method of visually indicating a temperature of a medical item placed in a medical device, wherein said medical device includes a base and at least first and second panels attached

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to said base and a receptacle defined between said first and second panels, comprising the step of directly measuring medical item temperature and providing a visual indication of said measured medical item temperature via a temperature sensor assembly;

wherein said temperature sensor assembly includes a plurality of temperature sensitive substances each associated with a corresponding temperature range, wherein each said substance is responsive to a temperature of said medical item (see claim 62);

wherein said temperature sensor assembly includes a temperature sensing strip, and measuring said medical item temperature and providing a digital indication of said measured temperature via said temperature sensing strip (see claim 63);

wherein said first panel includes a handle (see claim 65); or

the method includes providing an audio indication of said medical item temperature via a voice synthesizer (see claim 68).

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments that Jordan's display is mounted on the panel (88) have been considered but are not persuasive since the rejection states that the sensor assembly, not the display, is mounted to the panel (88). The assembly is used to provide a visual indication at the display, which is (34). Furthermore, this feature upon which applicant relies, i.e., that the assembly and the display are on the same panels, is not recited in the rejected claims (47 and 59).

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 47-49, 52, 54, 55, 58-61, 64, 66, 67, 69, and 70 over Kashyap in view of Jordan have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicant's arguments that Ginsburg's display (24) is not mounted on the same panel as the sensor assembly are not persuasive since this feature upon which applicant relies is not recited in the rejected claims (71 and 72).

Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment filed 2/10/05 necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mirellys Jagan whose telephone number is 571-272-2247. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 11AM to 5PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diego Gutierrez can be reached on 571-272-2245. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MJ October 23, 2006

Diego Gutierrez
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